

THE WEEK AHEAD, 30 JANUARY 2022

# Almost relaxed bulls

The trading year has begun on a strong footing, with rising prices and surveys of investors and fund managers indicating a growing sense of optimism regarding the economic outlook, corporate earnings, and respondents' own risk appetite. Many market participants believe that the business environment is in better shape than it was a few months ago and expect earnings growth to reinforce this assessment.

*This raises the question of whether investors are becoming overly complacent.* A more nuanced examination of several indicators of actual investor behaviour suggests that the positive sentiment has only been partially translated into more aggressive positioning. While overall equity allocations have increased and are higher than in the autumn, there is little evidence of excessive risk-taking. According to Deutsche Bank's weekly analysis, discretionary investors – those trading on their own judgement – remain only moderately overweight in equities, whereas rules-based and quantitative strategies are more fully invested. At the same time, the put-to-

call ratio, a gauge of demand for portfolio hedging, does not point to pronounced complacency. Moreover, the first weeks of January saw strong inflows into a broad range of equity funds, a pattern that is typical at the start of a new year. Taken together, these factors suggest that markets are well supported rather than tilting towards overbought territory.

Against this seemingly untroubled backdrop, a political stress test emerged in mid-January: Trump's threat of punitive tariffs on countries that declared their support for **Greenland** led to a brief period of uncertainty. Even so, investors largely remained calm, with major indexes declining by no more than 2–3% – an indication that markets did not view an escalating tariff war as a particularly likely outcome.

Although there was a palpable sense of relief after the US president subsequently backed down, confidence has been dented in some market segments. The US dollar has yet to recover all of its losses, while gold, the traditional safe-haven asset, continues to scale new heights. Overall, market direction currently appears to be driven primarily by what might be described as "almost relaxed bulls."



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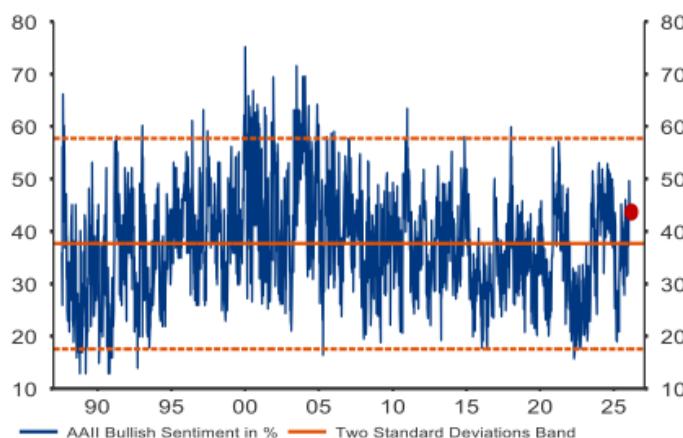
The Trump administration's attempts to check the US Federal Reserve's powers risk unsettling markets and fanning inflation.

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## AAll survey: US retail investors far away from euphoric

Share of bullish investors at the 73% percentile<sup>1</sup>



<sup>1</sup>Investors were less optimistic in 73% of all observations since 1987 (and correspondingly more optimistic in 27% of cases).

Source: LSEG Datastream, as of 22 January 2026. Past performance does not predict future returns.

In addition, **purchasing managers' indices** are due to be released for a range of countries, offering greater clarity on underlying economic sentiment at the start of the year. Sentiment data published so far, particularly from Asia and Australia, have been encouraging. For European countries, there may be some revisions to the preliminary figures once the Greenland episode has faded from the headlines.

In the euro area, attention on Wednesday is likely to centre on flash CPI data. It would be no surprise if the figures were to come in below monetary policymakers' 2% target. Against this backdrop, focus will then shift to Thursday's meeting of the **European Central Bank (ECB)**, which is expected to be dominated less by the interest rate decision itself than by the Bank's assessment of medium-term inflation risks and the longer-term outlook for monetary policy. At the same time, the **Bank of England** will announce its own monetary policy decision amid subdued growth and continued wage pressures.

Provided that fundamental trends do not disappoint the optimists, the unmistakable gap between sentiment and actual positioning may offer further support for markets. In any event, it is at least conceivable that more cautious investors will be compelled to raise their investment exposure as prices advance, in order to avoid falling too far behind.

That said, the market's vulnerability to corrections is increasing, if nothing else because optimism and exposure are higher than they were only a few weeks ago. Even so, there are few signs of unbridled euphoria and the most recent political stress test demonstrated that markets remain sufficiently resilient to absorb setbacks. Against a backdrop of elevated expectations and persistent geopolitical uncertainty, investors would therefore be well advised to maintain a disciplined and diversified approach.

Wishing you a relaxed week ahead.

Yours,

Stefan Rondorf

## UPCOMING POLITICAL EVENTS 2026

5 February	EZB	Central Bank Meeting
5 February	BoE	Central Bank Meeting
8 February	JP	Snap elections
16–17 February	EZ	Ecofin
8 March	DE	State elections in Baden-Württemberg
8 March	DE	Local elections in Bavaria
15 March	DE	Local elections in Hesse

## The week ahead

Capital markets are set to focus on two primary themes next week: the condition of the **US labour market** and the monetary policy stances of major European central banks. In the United States, the Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey (JOLTS) and the ADP National Employment Report will provide initial insights into labour market dynamics. These will be followed on Friday by the official nonfarm payrolls report, the week's most critical data release. Completing the picture with a short-term indicator will be Thursday's weekly initial jobless claims.

## Calendar Week 06

Monday			Consensus	Previous
UK	Nationwide house price yy	Jan	0.6%	0.6%
UK	S&P GLOBAL MANUFACTURING PMI	Jan	--	51.6
GE	HCOB Mfg PMI	Jan	--	48.7
EC	HCOB Mfg Final PMI	Jan	--	49.4
US	S&P Global Mfg PMI Final	Jan	--	51.9
US	ISM Manufacturing PMI	Jan	--	47.9
US	ISM Mfg Prices Paid	Jan	--	58.5
<b>Tuesday</b>				
US	JOLTS Job Openings	Dec	--	7.146M
<b>Wednesday</b>				
GE	HCOB Composite Final PMI	Jan	--	52.5
EC	HCOB Services Final PMI	Jan	--	51.9
EC	HCOB - Composite Final PMI	Jan	--	51.5
UK	S&P GLOBAL SERVICE PMI	Jan	--	54.3
UK	S&P GLOBAL PMI: COMPOSITE - OUTPUT	Jan	--	53.9
UK	Reserve Assets Total	Jan	--	224.8B
EC	HICP Flash YY	Jan	--	1.9%
EC	HICP-X F,E,A&T Flash YY	Jan	--	2.3%
EC	Producer Prices YY	Dec	--	-1.7%
US	ADP National Employment	Jan	--	41k
US	S&P Global Svcs PMI Final	Jan	--	52.5
US	ISM N-Mfg PMI	Jan	--	54.4
<b>Thursday</b>				
GE	Consumer Goods SA	Dec	--	115.8
EC	HCOB Construction PMI	Jan	--	47.4
GE	HCOB Construction PMI	Jan	--	50.3
UK	S&P Global CONSTRUCTON PMI	Jan	--	40.1
UK	S&P GLOBAL PMI: MSC COMPOSITE - OUTPUT	Jan	--	50.4
EC	Retail Sales YY	Dec	--	2.3%
UK	BOE Bank Rate	Feb	--	3.75%
EC	ECB Refinancing Rate	Feb	2.15%	2.15%
EC	ECB Deposit Rate	Feb	2.00%	2.00%
US	Unit Labor Costs Prelim	Q4	0.2%	--
US	Productivity Prelim	Q4	4.8%	--
US	International Trade \$	Dec	--	--
US	Initial Jobless Clm	26 Jan, w/e	--	--
US	Cont Jobless Clm	19 Jan, w/e	--	--
<b>Friday</b>				
GE	Industrial Production YY SA	Dec	--	0.76%
GE	Trade Balance, EUR, SA	Dec	--	13.1B
UK	Halifax House Prices YY	Jan	--	0.3%
US	Non-Farm Payrolls	Jan	--	50k
US	Private Payrolls	Jan	--	37k
US	Unemployment Rate	Jan	--	4.4%
US	Average Earnings YY	Jan	--	3.8%
US	Average Workweek Hrs	Jan	--	34.2
US	U Mich Sentiment Prelim	Feb	--	56.4

The calendar data for the current week comes directly from LSEG Datastream. They are published in the week in which "The Week Ahead" appears. These are economic data that come from official sources. Where available, the previous figure is collected together with the consensus estimate. The consensus estimate is collected by LSEG Datastream through a survey of analysts and economists. It is the average of all estimates submitted.

If not mentioned otherwise data and information sources are from LSEG Datastream.

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